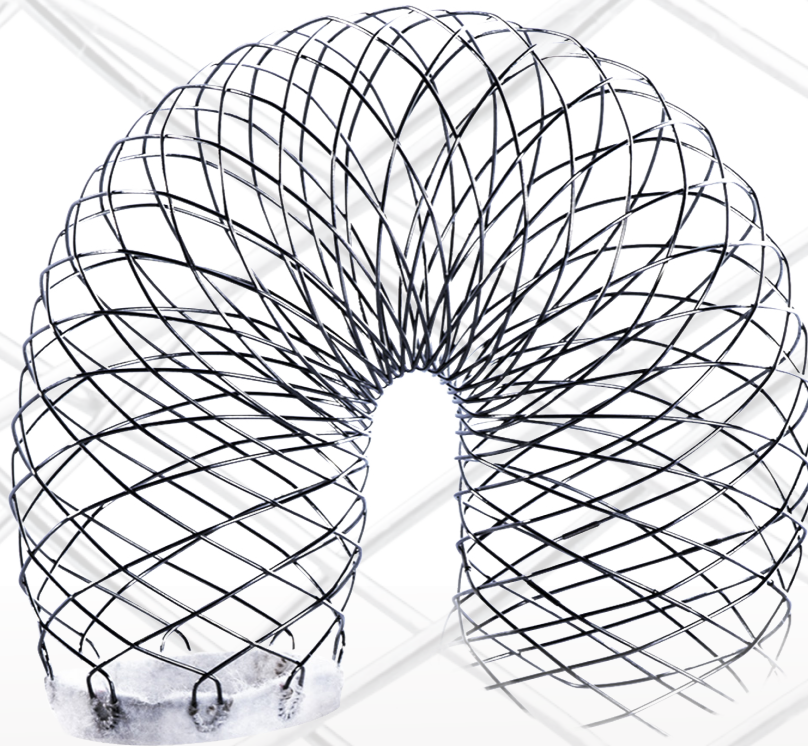


PERSEVERE US IDE Study Early and Midterm Results

A Landmark Prospective, Multi-Center Study to
Evaluate the Safety and Effectiveness of AMDS™ in the
Treatment of Acute DeBakey Type I Dissection



Rethink the Repair

ARTIVION™

AMDS™
Hybrid Prosthesis

30-Day¹⁻⁶ and 1-Year Results⁷

Primary Endpoints: MAE and DANE Rates

Hemiarch Reference
Cohort Average¹⁻⁵
(n=790 combined)

PERSEVERE⁶
(n=93)

34.6%	All Cause Mortality	9.7%
20.9%	Stroke	10.8% (new disabling)
24.1%	New Onset Renal Failure Requiring Dialysis	19.4%
10.5%	Myocardial Infarction	0%
58%	≥ 1 MAE	26.9%

Peri-Operative Data⁶

98.9%

Technical
Success

28 min

Total
Hypothermic
Circulatory Arrest*

4 min

AMDS
Deployment
Time*

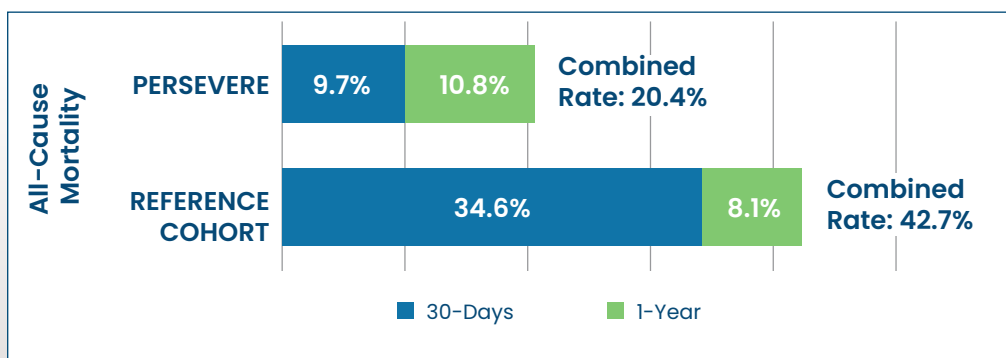
6 days

Time in ICU*

* Median Data

1-Year Results⁷

AMDS demonstrated > **50% lower 1-year all-cause mortality rate** of **20.4%** in comparison to a hemiarch-alone cohort of **42.7%**.



Proven Performance

AMDS demonstrated durable aortic remodeling, prevention of distal anastomotic new entry (DANE) tears, and stable long-term outcomes following repair of acute DeBakey Type I dissection complicated by malperfusion.⁸

Dane Prevention

By preventing DANE at the distal anastomosis, AMDS will encourage false lumen reduction over time.⁸

Malperfusion Resolution

Postoperative imaging demonstrated significant true lumen expansion in the innominate and left carotid arteries, supporting the remodeling mechanism of AMDS.⁹

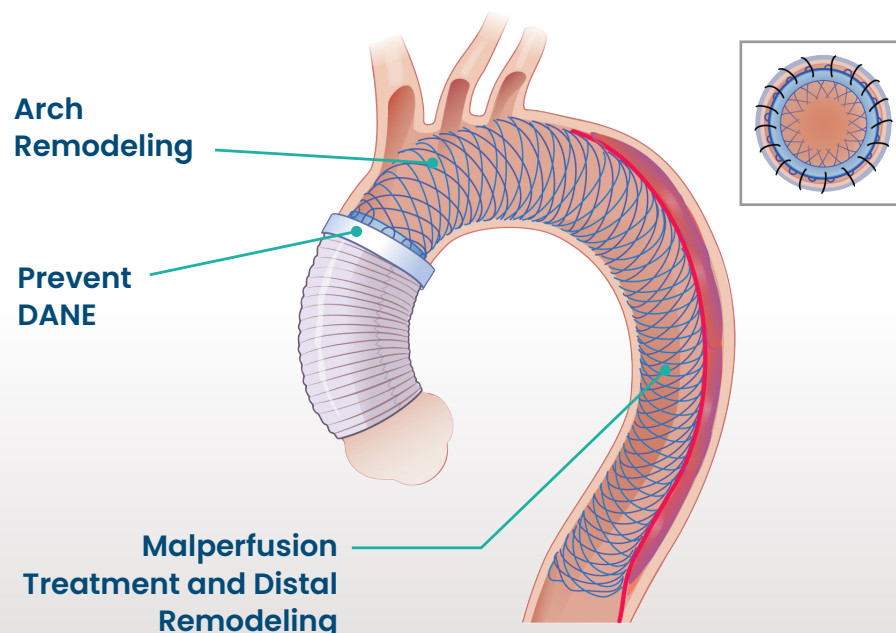
AMDS effectively resolved malperfusion in vascular territories distal to the area treated by the stent in the majority of patients.¹⁰

Positive Aortic Remodeling

Positive aortic remodeling and stability contributed to low intervention rates.⁸

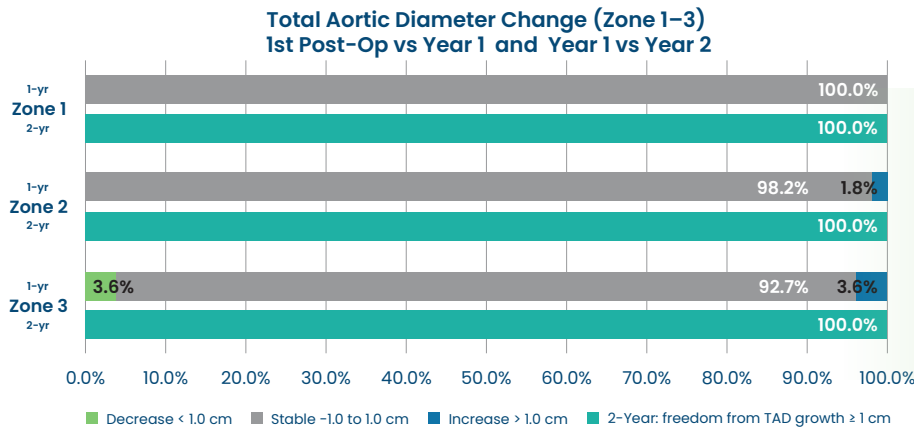
Future Intervention

Open and endovascular reinterventions are feasible, with 4.3% unanticipated reoperation through 2 years.⁸



2-Year Results⁷⁻⁸

AMDS Promotes Positive Aortic Remodeling Through 2 Years as Assessed by Independent Core Lab



Most patients demonstrated TAD reduction or stability in aortic zones 1-3; 2-year data shows 100% freedom from TAD growth ≥ 1 cm between 1 and 2 years.

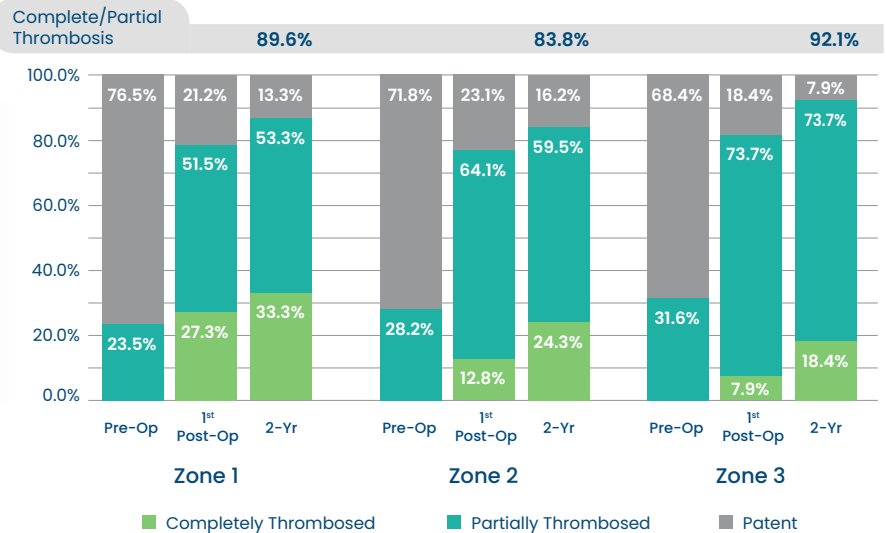
Total Aortic Diameter Remained Stable Through 2 Years

Freedom from TAD growth ≥ 1 cm between 1 and 2 years was 100% in zones 1, 2, and 3

False Lumen Thrombosis Continued to Improve Between 1 and 2 Years

Up to 92.1% complete or partial false lumen thrombosis was observed across zones 1-3

False Lumen Thrombosis Status in Zones 1-3



0%

Instances of Distal Anastomotic New Entry (DANE) Tear⁸

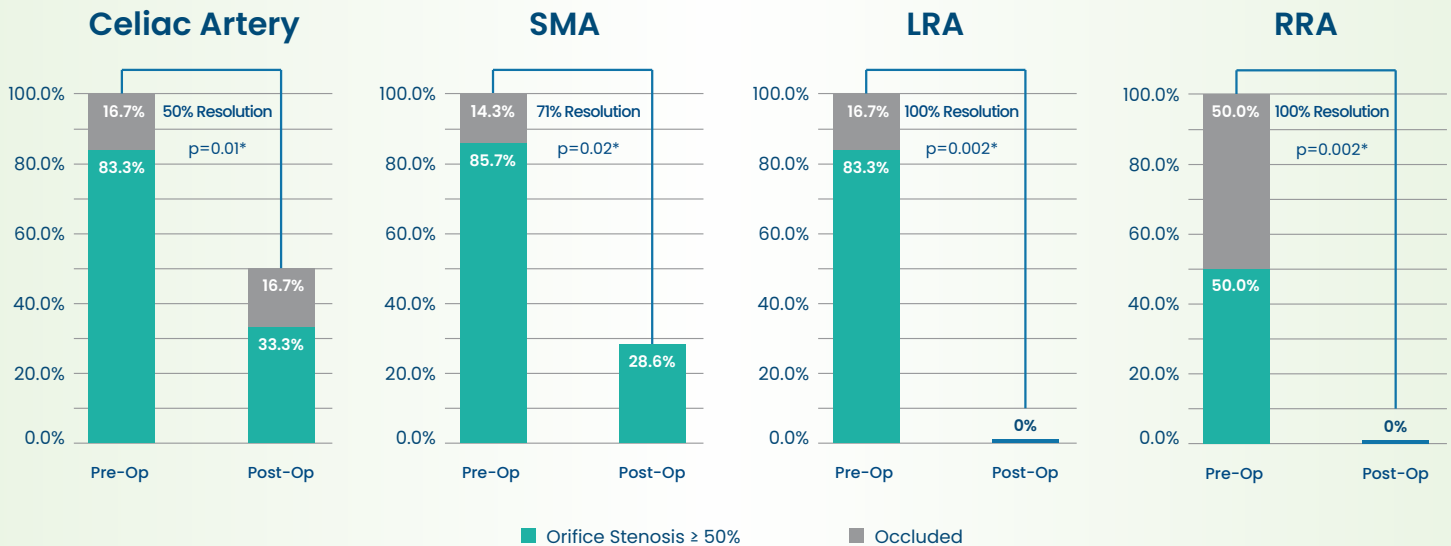
AMDS demonstrated limited deaths, stroke, and renal failure between 1 and 2 years⁸

Both open and endovascular reinterventions were feasible, with low rates of unanticipated reoperation through 2 years, 4.3% (n=4/93)⁸

Malperfusion Resolution

≤ 30-Day Radiographic Malperfusion Results¹⁰

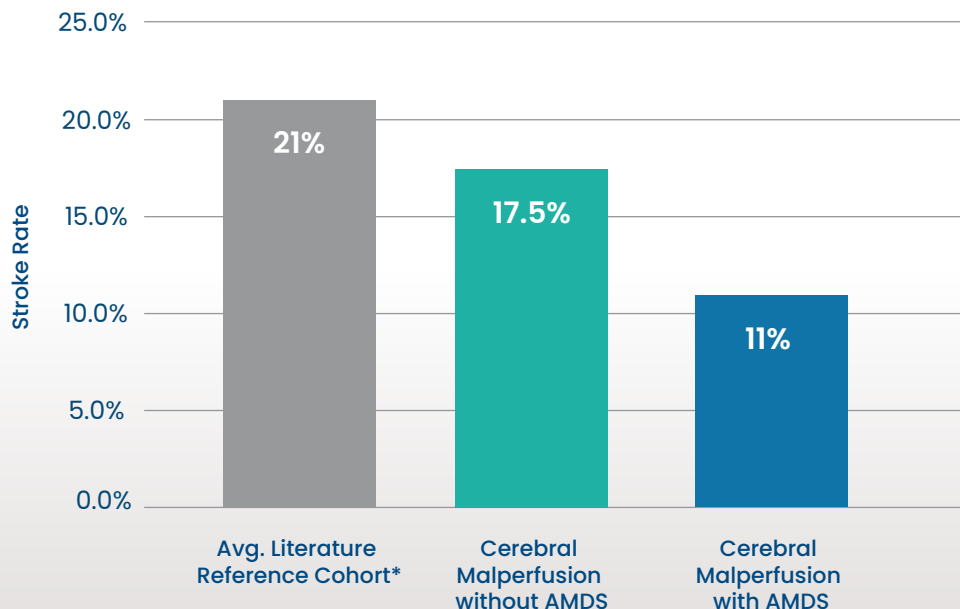
AMDS effectively resolved malperfusion in vascular territories distal to the area treated by the stent in the majority of patients.

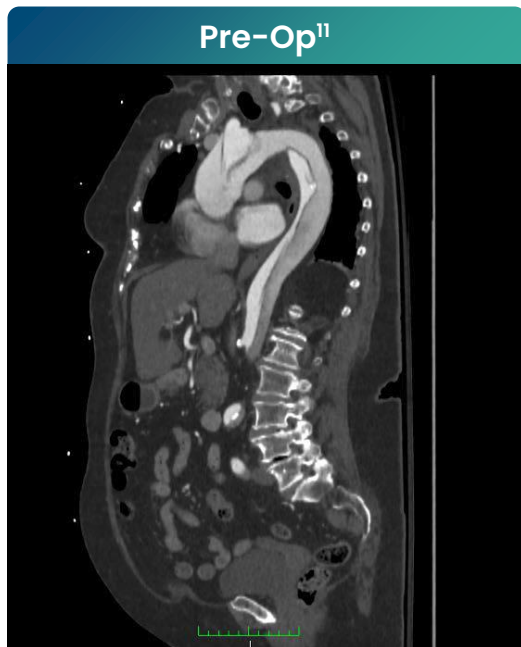
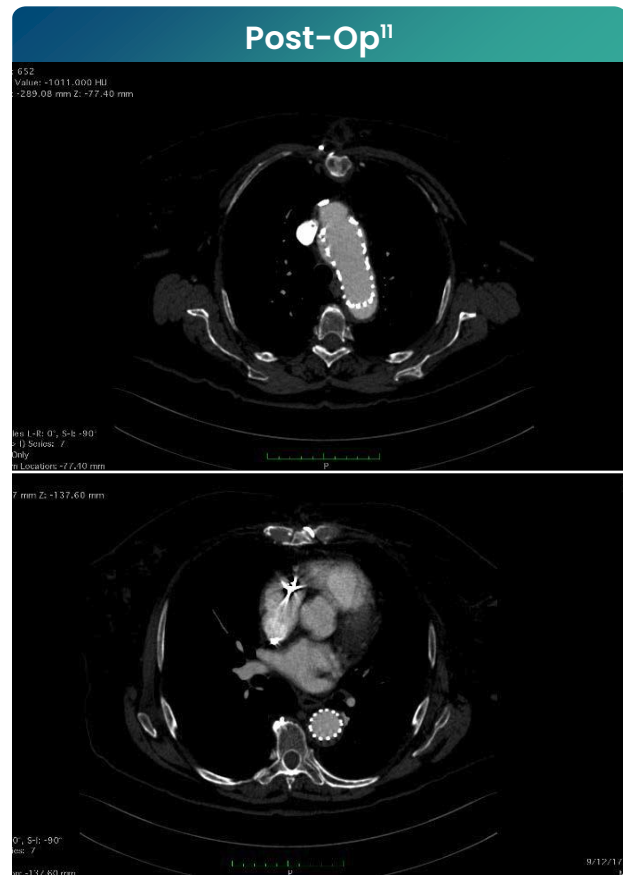


30-Day Cerebral Malperfusion Results⁹

Cerebral malperfusion patients treated with AMDS had similar stroke rates following implant compared to patients who presented without cerebral malperfusion.

- 89% (16/18) of patients had resolution or stability of presenting clinical symptoms of cerebral malperfusion at 30 days





ARTIVION™

Learn more at artivion.com



To watch the AMDS animation,
scan the QR code.

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